



June 2026

NYSSPE 2026 END OF SESSION REPORT

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As the first week of June drew to a close the 2026 Legislative Session recessed as scheduled. The fact that 2026 is an election year for members of both houses of the Legislature, as well as the Governor, created a strong incentive to timely conclude the regular session. **I am pleased to report that no legislation adverse to the professional engineering community has been approved by the Legislature.** At the same time a number of bills NYSSPE has strongly supported as detailed below fell short of passage. To some extent a lack of progress on NYSSPE priorities was attributable to the Legislature's prolonged focus on the 2026- 2027 Executive Budget. The State Constitution calls for a new Budget to be in place by the 1st of April. However, this year the Budget was not adopted until May 28th, almost two months late. (In fact the Budget delay was the longest since 2010-2011.) Due to an extensive focus on the Budget in April and May, little time was available for other matters including bills prioritize by the Society.

Following are the key issues which drew the focus of NYSSPE in 2026.

1. Indemnification - Strongly Support

S4591 / A7379 - (Senator Cooney / Assemblyman Vanel)

See also **S 5364 / A 6269** (Senator Comrie / Assemblyperson Rajkumar)

This legislation, which was previously vetoed by former Governor Andrew Cuomo, addresses the issue of design professional contractual indemnification respecting public sector projects (state and local) and is strongly supported by NYSSPE. The legislation addresses public sector contracts wherein municipalities, state agencies and other governmental entities have inordinate leverage over the terms of indemnification. Presently, governmental entities can and do unfairly shift the burden to professional engineers and consulting firms for the cost of future contingent events such as personal injury, property damage and attendant attorneys' fees.

Broad form defense and indemnification provisions subject design professionals to liability arising out of circumstances that are well beyond a design professional's scope of work and for matters over which the design professional has no control. Design professionals in many instances are unable to secure insurance to cover the scope of claims these provisions can generate. Many of the most highly qualified engineering firms simply refuse to participate in RFQs when confronted with adhesion contracts of this nature. As a result both public owners and taxpayers are deprived of the opportunity to benefit from their participation. In fact, the basic foundation of Qualification Based Selection, which is mandated for state agencies, is dramatically undermined when qualified firms choose to not offer their services due to unreasonable indemnification terms.

This bill addresses indemnification inequity by voiding contractual provisions requiring defense and indemnification involving a public work to the extent that a design professional is required to defend and indemnify a municipality, state agency, other governmental entity or other parties for damages that are not the result of the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the design professional. Responsibility for losses related to the actions or failures of other parties that are unrelated to the design professional services rightfully rest with the at-fault party or parties. Design professionals simply should not be compelled to provide indemnification for such conduct.

This legislation continues to face opposition from state agencies, municipalities, as well as general contractors. NYSSPE has been vocal in proposing a compromise placing a cap on designer liability based on the proportional share design services represent in relation to a project as a whole. In light of the difficulty in moving the bill yet again this session, the Society intends to aggressively approach allied groups including ACEC, AIA and other organizations representing the design professionals to amend the bill in an effort to secure passage. The proposed compromise would offer substantial relief.

2. QBS – Support

S 4577 / A5520 - (Senator Comrie / Assemblymember Hyndman)

This legislation requires the use of Qualifications Based Selection by public authorities and public benefit corporations, in addition to state agencies. Expanded utilization of QBS has been a long sought-after goal of NYSSPE. In fact, due in substantial part to the Society's efforts, similar legislation has previously passed the Assembly. QBS assures that price is not the sole criteria in the selection of professional engineering services by affording due consideration to the respective qualifications of consulting firms participating in the procurement process. The cost for design services is a small fraction of overall project costs. Getting the design right can significantly influence the overall cost of construction as well as ongoing life cycle costs. Simply put it is penny wise and pound foolish to employ a low bid methodology in the procurement of design services.

This measure did not reach the floor in either house.

3. Statute of Repose - Support

S2146-A / A4907-A – (Senator Cooney / Assemblyman Pretlow)

This legislation creates a 10-year Statute of Repose requiring that actions for personal injury, wrongful death or property damage against a design professional be commenced not more than 10 years after a project is completed. All states in the US have true Statutes of Repose with the exception of only NY and VT. The Plaintiffs' trial bar has frustrated our efforts to advance the bill across the finish line.

In order to improve the prospect for passage of this measure the Society has urged that a Statute of Repose provision be incorporated into any broad-based civil justice reform bill or any bill to expand damages in wrongful death cases. See S4423 / A6063 2025.

4. The Offering of Geology by Grandfathered Engineering Firms - Monitor

S620-C / A 2571-C (Senator Stavisky / Assemblyman McDonald)

The profession of geology was first licensed in New York in 2014. Prior to passage of the 2014 statute grandfathered engineering firms were permitted to provide geological services. This bill will enable grandfathered engineering firms to offer "professional geology services", per se, provided at least one officer or director is a licensed professional geologist and the company submits a timely filing with the Education Department and Department of State expressly including the practice of geology in its certificate of incorporation. In sum and substance, the bill will treat a grandfathered corporation in a manner similar to a professional engineering firm seeking to expand services to expressly include professional geology services and operating as a professional service corporation, design professional service corporation, professional limited liability company or registered limited liability partnership.

The bill passed the Senate but not reach the floor of the Assembly.

5. Emergency Responder - Support

S 8840 / A 4680 (Senator Scarcella-Spanton / Assemblyman Eachus) Combines Emergency Responder / Good Samaritan

As previously reported, NYSSPE has joined a broad-based coalition including other design professional organizations and the construction community, in support of this measure which combines enhanced Good Samaritan protection with a proposal offering liability protection for emergency responders hired in the wake of a natural or man-made disaster. (The coalition includes: Associated General Contractors of New York, ACEC New York, AIA New York and a number of other organizations representing the construction and design communities.)

In essence, this bill is designed to ensure that the liability for services rendered under emergency conditions (whether voluntary or based on contract) rests with the governmental bodies which are principally charged with restoring normalcy following a disaster. Under the proposal, service providers are held harmless in the absence of gross negligence or intentional wrongdoing for services rendered in the wake of a disaster. The governmental entity securing services will stand in the shoes of the design professional or contractor in instances of ordinary negligence thereby affording the injured party a source of recovery.

The measure does not apply to businesses whose primary business is responding to disasters including a company routinely advertising its emergency response services.

The bill reached the floor of the Senate but no further.

6. Bachelor's Degree in Geology Educational Requirement for Licensure - Monitor

S6482 / A5622 (Senator Webb / Assemblyman Eachus)

This legislation removes the 12-year work experience ladder currently permitted to be used as a substitute for a bachelor degree in geology (or equivalent) for those seeking licensure as a professional geologist. The bill parallels legislation secured by NYSSPE pertaining to licensure as a professional engineer effective in 2024. While removing the 12-year experience ladder prospectively those currently pursuing the experience route can file an application with the State Education Department within two years of the bill's effective date, thereby preserving an exemption from the bachelor's degree requirement.

This bill **passed both the Senate and the Assembly** and is expected to be signed by Governor Hochul.

7. Issuance of Building Permits by Professional Engineers and Registered Architects

Oppose w/o Amendments

S7217-A / A7675-A (Senator Martinez / Assemblyman Stern)

This legislation would permit building permits to be issued by PEs and RAs without the employment of building code officials. The bill applies to Nassau, Suffolk and Westchester County, as well as the City of Yonkers. NYSSPE has urged that local governments adequately staff building departments with qualified building code officials, or retain properly credentialed professionals as needed, to address undue delays in the permitting process in lieu of the approached reflected in this legislation. At the same time internal discussions are focused upon allowing permits to be issued in narrow circumstances such as permits pertaining to signage.

This bill did not reach the floor in either house.

8. Expanding the Use of Design Build to Westchester County - Oppose
S 5266 / A 8582 (Senator Bailey / Assemblyman Pretlow)

In 2019 the NYS legislature authorized specific NYC agencies to use design build. The implementing legislation did not include safeguards recommended by NYSSPE, as well as the NYS Board for Engineering and the NYS Board for Architecture. This proposal, expanding the use of design build, similarly does not include these recommended statutory safeguards and amendments are needed to prevent the proliferation of design, build projects, lacking, proper oversight. While this bill has not moved in either house, NYSSPE continues to press for quality assurance safeguards for all design build projects.

9. Fire Suppression System Contractors / Inspectors - Monitor

S 4877 (Senator Fahy)

This legislation provides for licensure of fire suppression system contractors and among other provisions permits layouts by licensees "in accordance with the provisions of water-based fire protection design standards and design criteria as provided by the engineer of record". The bill has not moved in either house and NYSSPE will continue to monitor to assure that engineering licensure safeguards stand and that public safety is protected.

(See also **S 9375 / A 6529** (Senator Ramos / Assemblyman Bronson) similar bills which did not move in either house.)

10. Delivery of Design Services by Not-for-Profit Corporations - Oppose
S 5392 / A483 (Senator Scarcella-Spanton / Assemblyperson Clark)

This legislation would permit foreign not-for-profit corporations to secure a certificate of authorization to provide professional engineering services in specified wetland areas with respect to specified projects. Enactment of this legislation would permit an exemption from the current requirement that control of newly authorized engineering firms be governed by professional design licensees. New York State has among the most stringent laws guarding the delivery of professional engineering and other professional design services in the nation. NYSSPE has opposed the bill on the grounds that New York's requirements served to protect New Yorkers from management decisions that pose unnecessary risks. All of the projects targeted by this legislation can readily proceed by employing professional engineering firms which are structured to assure that public safety is prioritize.

This bill passed the Senate but did not move in the Assembly.

11. Enhanced Assessments of Public-School HVAC Systems - Oppose
S 7733 / A 7586 (Senator Cooney / Assemblyman Benedetto)

This legislation, as presently drafted, would permit an HVAC tech, in addition to a professional engineer or registered architect, to assess a public school's entire HVAC system. The scope of such an assessment falls within the scope of practice reserved for professional engineers and registered architects who have demonstrated through education, examination and experience the skills needed to undertake examinations of this breadth and complexity.

The bill also creates a causal loop problem due to the fact that in order for the surveys to be completed substantial new funding will be needed to pay for this multidimensional risk analysis including, e.g., expensive VAV/CAV boxes testing and in many cases access to concealed locations necessitating work by general contractors and/or asbestos abatement. For the foregoing reasons the Society has voiced opposition to the present draft.

This bill has not moved in either house.

12. Interior Designer Certification - Neutral
S 9673 / A 4840-A (Senator May / Assemblyman McDonald)

This legislation aligns NYS requirements for credentialing as a certified interior designer with national criteria.

The **bill has passed both houses** of the Legislature.

13. Artificial Intelligence - Support
A 9219 (Assemblyman Cunningham)

Mandates developers of artificial intelligence consult with professional engineers in the development and maintenance of AI design products to be utilized by design professionals.

This bill did not move in either house.

14. Land Surveying – (Modernization - Definition of Practice) – Monitor
Pending Introduction

The New York State Association of Professional Land Surveyors has for many years advocated for legislation which will modernize the definition of practice for land surveying (including, e.g., express reference to GPS technology and photogrammetry). NYSSPE has no objection to legislation to codify these changes provided that professional engineers continue to be authorized to undertake all aspects of the practice of land surveying with the sole exception being the determination of legal land boundaries.

The legislation listed above includes key bills pending or acted upon by the legislature in 2026.

[Details regarding any bill (Senate or Assembly) can be viewed by entering “NYS Assembly Bill Search” in any search engine.] The above list is not exhaustive. Please let us know if you have any particular concerns regarding any of these proposals or other bills impacting the profession. All comments will be shared with NYSSPE’s Legislative Committee and given careful consideration. (Address all comments and recommendations to: mkriss@krisslaw.com.) (Updates, including bill numbers, will be provided throughout the session.)